World History Midterm review

Directions: For the three main parts, define and answer the questions within each part. Each part is worth a 50 points on an engagement grade or 15 points on a quiz or 10 points on a test. You do not need to complete both parts for the extra credit. Unless specified, Mr. Beckman will put the extra credit where it will help the most.
Due the day of the exam
Part I
**Historian's Toolbox**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ArtifactArcheologyPrehistoryPrimary SourceSecondary SourceNileMesopotamiaTigrisEuphratesPharaohSiltViziermummification Papyrus | NomadCivilizationPolytheisticCity-StateEmpireScribeCuneiformYellow RiverIndus RiverOracle Bones |

What does BCE and CE mean?

What do AD and BC mean?

Why do many historians use BCE and CE over AD and BC?

What are the three main types of sources?

What is the problem with primary and secondary sources?

What is bias?
 Place each of the following dates on a timeline.
234 CE, 500 BCE, 3200 BCE, 1492 AD, 1776 BC, 1776 CE, 2016 AD, 2016 BC, 1 AD, 340 C
 **Ancient Civilizations**
What are the 4 river civilizations that we examined and what rivers did they exist on?

What material did Mesopotamians write on?
What is the significance of agriculture?

What does Land Between Two Rivers mean in greek?

What is polytheism?

What are the 6 characteristics of civilization?

Name two characteristics of each of the 4 civilizations we examined for this unit

What is the name for how humans lived before the river civilizations?

**Part II**

**World Religions**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **VocabPolytheisticMonotheisticVedasTorahTalmudMoksha** | **QuranBibleMosqueKarmaDharmaNirvanaReincarnation** |

What are the world’s five main religions?

What is Polytheism?

What is monotheism?

Who founded each religion?

Where did each religion start?

What are the holy books of each religion?

What is the world's largest polytheistic religion?

What is the diaspora?

What is reincarnation and which religion or religions have it?

Nirvana and enlightenment is part of which religion?

What are the Five Pillars of Islam?
What is the Hindu Caste System? How do you move up it?

China and India
Know the basic characteristics of the following

Confucianism

Legalism
Daoism

Know the Achievements of the following Kingdoms and Empires
Mongol, Ming, Qin, Maurya, Gupta, Mongol, Han

**Part II
Greek Civilization**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **AthensSpartaDiplomacyPersiaXerxesGreco-Persian Wars** | **PhilosophyDramaComedyTragedy*PolisPhalanx*** |

What is a city state?
What is a citizen?
Describe Athenian citizenship

Describe Spartan citizenship

How did Alexander the Great’s army differ from a normal greek phalanx?

How did Athenian and Spartan culture differ?

What lead to the Greco-Persian war?

What are 4 lasting achievements of Greek civilization?

What type of government did Athens use? Describe it.

How did the Greco-Persian war end?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| RepublicAugustusJulius CaesarEmpireSenateConsulHannibal | Punic WarsConstantineFive Good EmperorsTribunes12 Tablets |

**Rome**
What is a republic?
Why did Romans hate monarchs?

Who controlled Rome after the end of the Monarchy?

Was everyone in Rome a citizen of Rome?

What are the differences between patricians and plebeians?

What were the main duties and responsibilities of the Tribunes, Senators and Consuls?

Who was Hannibal and why did he attack Rome?

What is “bread and circuses” and why did Rome have it?

What happened to Julius Caesar?

Who was the first Emperor of Rome? What kind of Emperor was he?

Why was Christianity illegal in the Roman Empire?

How did Constantine contribute to Christianity?

What caused the collapse of the Western Roman Empire?

**Medieval Europe**

How could the Catholic Church express political power in the middle ages?

What is Feudalism and Manorialism?

What are the main levels of feudalism?

 How did feudalism develop?

What is the divine right to rule?